**TRƯỜNG THCS KHƯƠNG ĐÌNH**

**NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP GIỮA KÌ II (2022 -2023)**

**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 8**

**PHONETICS**:

***I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.***

1. A. disease B. dead C. treatment D. sneeze

2. A. environment B. billboard C. visual D. litter

3. A. poisoned B. died C. dumped D. caused

4. A. birth B. thermal C. earth D. further

5. A. capital B. scenic C. Scotland D. iconic

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 6. A. pesticide  | B. fertilizer | C. accident | D. herbicides |
| 7. A. pressure | B. fossil | C. rubbish | D. Emission |

8. A. scatter B. shake C. collapse D. evacuate

9. A. loch B. schedule C. French D. chaos

10. A. brigade B. kilt C. liberty D. icon

***II. Choose the word whose main stress pattern is placed differently.***

11. A. presentation B. radioactive C. environmental D. contamination

12. A. untreated B. aquatic C. pollution D. electronic

13. A. technology B. disaster C. available D. temporary

14. A. accommodation B. evacuation C. oceanography D. environmentalist

15. A. tsunami B. evacuee C. ecology D. volcanic

16. A. natural B. trainee C. unique D. parade

17. A. American B. Canadian C. Australian D. Portuguese

18. A. monument B. symbolize C. attraction D. spectacle

19. A. territory B. festivity C. traditional D. geography

20. A. official B. legendary C. historic D. iconic

**GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY:**

***III. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.***

21. Many flights were cancelled \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the smoke from forest fires.

A. so B. because C. because of D. result in

22. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the garbage dump smells terrible, no one lives around there.

A. Because of B. As C. As a result of D. Even though

23. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the grain consumption is rising, forests will be cut to provide more room for planting crops.

A. Since B. Although C. unless D. Due to

24. Grace didn’t love nature, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she wasn’t happy when her group went camping in a jungle.

A. but B. and C. because D. so

25. Thousands of fish were killed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a discharge of poisonous Chemicals from a nearby factory.

A. because B. lead to C. result in D. as a result of

26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the fog, there were no take-oils from the airport yesterday.

A. Since B. Because C. Owing to D. Thanks to

27. Her English accent is so good that she is thought of as a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ speakers.

A. natural B. official C. non-native D. native

28. We\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ home when a hurricane hit the town two days ago. What a terrible experience!

A. are driving B. were driving C. drove D. had driven

29. If we care about plastic waste\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. why won’t we stop drinking bottled water? B. we would use reusable shopping bags

C. we will throw away plastic water bottles. D. why don’t we buy plastic bags?

30. If the local people\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fresh water, they wouldn’t have to use polluted water.

A. have B. had C. has had D. has

31. Hurricanes and heavy rains\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the help of technology.

A. predicted B. are predicting C. will predict D. can be predicted

32. Indian Disney Channel\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tom and Jerry Kids at 7 pm.

A. shows B. is showing C. is shown D. has shown

33. By the time the firefighters arrived, the fire\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_over 50 hectares of pine forests.

A. already destroyed B. have already destroyed

C. has already destroyed D. had already destroyed

34. Before that day in Hawaii, we\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a volcanic eruption.

A. never saw B. has never seen C. had never seen D. were never seen

35. So far, some of the storm damaged roads and bridges\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. already repaired B. had already repaired

C. were already repaired D. have already been repaired

36. Loch Ness is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Highlands of Scotland.

A. person B. lake C. valley D. river

37. Families camped out in a City park after their homes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the earthquake.

A. have heavily damaged B. had damaged heavily

C. were heavily damaged D. are damaged heavily

38. The United Kingdom\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

A. consists B. is consisted C. has consisted D. consisted

39. English\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around the world by children in school as a foreign language.

A. has learned B. is learning C. is learned D. learned

40. You’d better go to bed early tonight. The plane\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at 6 o’clock tomorrow morning so we’ll have to be up by 4.30!

A. will leave B. leaves C. leave D. is leaving

***Choose the underlined word or phrase, A, B, C or D that needs correcting.***

41. Scottish kilts were traditionally wore as full length garments by Gaelic-speaking male.

 A B C D

42. If I were you, I will not go skiing in such weather conditions.

 A B C D

43. Visitors to Scotland can spend endless days to explore its historic centuries-old castles.

 A B C D

44. We won’t save the environment if we stop using so much energy.

 A B C D

45. One in six species is at risk of extinction because climate change.

 A B C D

46. The amount of waste decreased if people started to buy reusable packages.

 A B C D

47. The United States of American is the world’s third largest country in size.

 A B C D

48. By the time the rescue team had arrived, they’d drifted at sea for three days.

 A B C D

49. If I were you, I will not go skiing in such weather conditions.

 A B C D

50. Search teams were unable to reach some areas because of roads were blocked by lots of debris.

 A B C D

***III. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in the following questions.***

51.One in six species is **at risk** of extinction because of climate change.

A. in danger B. in safety C. in need D. in an accident

52. Niagara Falls is one of the most **spectacular** waterfalls in the world.

A. normal B. fantastic C. common D. serious

53. **Hurricane** Dorian struck the Abaco Islands as a category 5 hurricane in September.

A. flood B. typhoon C. mudslide D. volcano

54. The typhoon hit the large area in Nam Dinh province. It’s really a **severe** tropical storm.

A. small B. simple C. common D. serious

55.Scottish kilts were traditionally worn as full length **garments** by Gaelic-speaking male.

A. clothes B. shoes C. hats D. sandals

***IV. Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in the following questions.***

56. **Contaminated** water can cause of many types of diarrheal diseases, including cholera.

A. polluted B. dirty C. clean D. poisonous

57. The train **leaves** at 6 o’clock tomorrow morning so we’ll have to be up by 4.30!

A. arrives B. starts C. takes off D. visits

58. Rescue teams have **saved** hundreds of people from floods in Metro Manila.

A. helped B. rescued C. protected D. harmed

59. **Temporary** acomodation will be provided for people without homes.

A. spetacular B. special C. official D. permanent

60. Could you meet us at the airport tomorrow afternoon? Our flight **lands** at 4 o’clock.

A. takes off B. put up C. returns D. reaches

**COMMUNICATION.**

61. “A tornado blew several cars in front of me off the road and into the trees.” - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. That’s shocking! B. How cute! C. That’s great! D. Maybe.

62. “I saw a roof flying in the storm yesterday afternoon.” -\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Exactly. B. That’s horrible! C. That’s a relief. D. So do I.

63. “The weather forecast says it’s going to rain tomorrow.” - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. What a pity.”

A. Looks great! B. Not at all. C. Sounds good! D. Oh no!

64. “Your English is getting better” - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Looks great! B. Not at all. C. My pleasure! D. It’s kind of you to say so

65. “Let’s visit medieval castles. It’s really interesting, I think”. - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Great! B. Thank you! C. My pleasure! D. Certainly

**READING**

***I. Filling 1.***

What is pollution? Stinky stuff? Muck? Poison? Yes, all those things... and more. Some is obvious like smoke (66) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you can see but much of it is not obvious at all. Yet you’re eating it and drinking it and breathing it most of the time. And what is worse is that all this muck (67) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all other life on Earth. You can find pollution made by people just about (68) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the planet. Even (69) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ places like the Arctic are badly polluted by nasty chemicals made by people. The polar bears and seals there have poisonous chemicals made by people in their bodies and (70) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do the Inuit people who live with them.

66. A. what B. where C. when D. which

67. A. pollutes B. affects C. results D. attracts

68. A. everywhere B. nowhere C. wherever D. somewhere

69. A. remote B. quiet C. interesting D. crowded

70. A. either B. also C. neither D. so

 ***Filling 2.***

Natural disasters can be destructive; they can wreak havoc across large areas and cause loss (71) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ life or damage to property. We cannot prevent natural disasters, but we can prepare for them. The first step is to learn about the risks in your area and read the information about natural disasters on local government sites. Next, find out (72) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the rescue and emergency workers advise. These people have been trained to deal with disasters, have been through lots of them and know how to help. Make (73) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you have all the emergency contact numbers entered in your mobile phone. It is also important that you put together an emergency supply kit. Your emergency supply kit (74) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ include food, water, medications, personal hygiene items, copies of personal documents and some money. You may also need some extra clothing if you live in a cold climate. Natural disasters can force people to leave their homes (75) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you should also become familiar with the guidelines for evacuation. Plan safe places to meet your family and get to know the evacuation routes and shelters.

71. A. for B. at C. on D. of

72. A. what B. how C. which D. who

73. A. certainly B. surely C. sure D. certain

74. A. is B. should C. are D. were

75. A. in spite of B. although C. because D. so

***Answer the question I.***

Elephants on the coast of Thailand are acting strange. They stamp their feet and motion toward the hills. The sea draws back from the beaches. Fish **flop** in the mud. Suddenly, a huge wave appears. This is no ordinary wave. It is a tsunami!

Tsunami waves are larger and faster than normal surface waves. A tsunami wave can travel as fast as a jet plane and can be as tall as a ten-story building. For a tsunami to occur, there must be some kind of force that causes the ocean water to become **displaced**. Most tsunamis are caused by underwater earthquakes. However, volcanoes, landslides, large icebergs, and even meteorites are capable of causing one of these **mighty** waves. Tsunamis are extremely powerful. Because tsunami waves are so strong, they can kill people, damage property, and completely ruin an **ecosystem** in just one hour.

Scientists have no way of **predicting** when a tsunami will hit. However, if a powerful enough earthquake occurs, scientists can issue a warning or a watch. A warning means that a tsunami will very likely hit soon. A watch means that conditions are **favourable** for a tsunami. When people are notified about a watch or a warning, they have more time to prepare. It is best not to get caught **unaware** when a tsunami is on the way!

**Choose the correct answers.**

*76. Why are the elephants acting strange?*

A. They are not used to seeing fish. B. They dislike wading into the ocean.

C. They can sense something out of the ordinary. D. They see the ocean drawing back from the beaches.

*77. What is this passage mostly about?*

A. How to prepare for tsunamis. B. Scientists who predict tsunami waves.

C. Similarities and differences between wave types. D. Causes and effects of tsunamis.

*78. Which does not cause a tsunami?*

A. earthquakes B. mudslides C. volcanic eruptions D. meteorites

*79. Tsunamis cause so much destruction because they*.

A. can be predicted by scientists B. break on the coast, unlike normal waves

C. are caused by volcanoes, landslides and meteorites D. can be as tall as a ten-story building

*80. We can conclude from the last paragraph that.*

A. a tsunami warning is more serious than a watch

B. a tsunami watch is more serious than a warning

C. a tsunami warning and watch are equally serious

D. a tsunami warning and watch both mean a tsunami has formed

***Answer the question II.***

**SCOTLAND - THE LAND OF LEGENDS**

Scotland is in the north of Great Britain. It is famous for its rich culture as well as its amazing natural beauty. Visitors to this land can spend endless days exploring its historic centuries-old castles. But be aware - legend says that some of them are haunted by ghosts. Fun-lovers can experience its world-famous festival, the Highland Games where they can enjoy unique Scottish activities such as the piping, drumming, and dancing. They can also see traditional sports, or drink whisky with the local people. Driving through vast green pastures, or boating on scenic lakes - or lochs - are other attractions that Scotland offers.

The great people of this legendary land have also given many of the world's important inventions like the telephone, the television, penicillin and the raincoat. Edinburgh, the capital, was the first city in the world to have its own fire brigade in 1824. Edinburgh University welcomed the first female medical student in Great Britain in 1869.

81. Scotland is well- known for its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. culture B. richness C. treasures D. resources

82. What might you see while you are exploring a castle?

A. natural beauty B. ghosts C. world-famous festival D. green pastures

83. What are some activities you can see at the Scottish Highland Games?

A. Driving B. drinking whisky

C. the piping, drumming, and dancing D. boating

84. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_were some of the things invented by the Scots.

A. the telephone B. the raincoat C. the television D. all are correct

85. The first fire brigade was in the world created in\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. 1824 B. 1869 C. 1870 D. 1825

**WRITING**

**Finish each of the following sentences so that its meaning stays the same.**

*86. They gave my village a ton of rice three days after the earthquake.*

→ A ton of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*87. I think you should use energy efficient light bulbs.*

→ If I were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*88. Because she was absent from the meeting, she didn’t know the resolution.*

→ Because of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*89. It was the first time she had been in the path of a hurricane.*

→ She had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*90. We last saw Barak more than six months ago.*

→ We haven’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*91. Paul doesn’t think about the planet. He wastes so much water.* **(IF)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*92. Water pollution happens. Many aquatic animals such as fish can die.* **(LEADS)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*93. The climate is changing. The earth is getting warmer*. **(BECAUSE)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*94. We should stop cutting down so many trees. We endanger our oxygen supply*. **(UNLESS)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*95. The overuse of pesticides causes damage to the environment.* **(LEADS TO)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*96.**French people made**the Statue of Liberty, an American Symbol of freedom in their country.***(WAS)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*97. Why don’t you evacuate to the new place?* **(IF)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*98. We find this test difficult to do.* (**DIFFICULTY)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*99. Scientists might propose another solution for drought.* **(BY)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*100. We are damaging the ozone layer. The ozone layer is necessary for human existence.* **(EVEN THOUGH)**

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.